

Market Disclosure Policy

Approved Date: 20 February 2018

POLICY STATEMENT

Meridian Energy Limited (Meridian) is committed to promoting investor confidence by providing timely and balanced disclosure of all material matters relating to the company.

Meridian believes high standards of reporting and disclosure is essential for proper accountability between Meridian and its investors, employees and stakeholders.

No one is permitted, until adequate public disclosure is made, to communicate to anyone (except in accordance with this Policy) any material information concerning the business and affairs of Meridian and its subsidiaries (Meridian Group).

PURPOSE OF THIS POLICY

This Policy is designed to ensure that Meridian:

- satisfies the requirements of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013, the Corporations Act 2001 (Aus), the New Zealand Stock Exchange (NZX) and Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) Listing Rules (Listing Rules) and the rules of any other offshore stock exchanges where it has disclosure obligations, as well as relevant securities and corporations legislation;
- meets its disclosure obligations in a way that allows all interested parties equal opportunity to access information;
- reflects its commitment to meeting stakeholders expectations for equal, timely, balanced and meaningful disclosure; and
- provides guidance on the processes to ensure compliance.

To apply this Policy, procedures have been developed relating to the disclosure of material and other information (see Disclosure Compliance Procedure at Appendix 1) and the request of a trading halt (see Trading Halt Procedure at Appendix 2).

SCOPE AND FIT

This Policy applies to all directors and employees (including any secondees, contractor or consultant) of the Meridian Group.

Any person who is aware of information which is, or may be, material information about the business, and where that information is not already public information, must follow the Disclosure Compliance Procedure. Subsidiaries should refer to the "Subsidiary Disclosure Procedure" set out in the Disclosure Compliance Procedure.

In addition specific obligations apply to Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, members of the Executive Management Team and other Meridian Restricted Persons.

MARKET DISCLOSURE

Immediate notification of material information

Meridian will immediately notify the market of any information or any development related to the businesses or financial condition of Meridian which, if generally available to the market, a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on, or lead to a substantial movement in, the price or value of its securities. Such notification will be made by way of an announcement to the stock exchanges on which its securities are listed.

In certain circumstances, the Listing Rules permit Meridian to not disclose information, but this is a decision for the Disclosure Committee in each instance. Advice as to whether an exception applies will be provided by the Disclosure Officer.

Periodic and Administrative Disclosures

Meridian has periodic disclosure obligations (e.g. annual and half yearly announcements and reports) and will also release certain information to the market monthly (e.g. monthly operating report). This Policy applies equally to such regular market updates.

Meridian also has administrative disclosure obligations (e.g. disclosure of directors' and senior managers' relevant interests) This Policy applies equally to Meridian's administrative disclosure obligations.

Information to prevent a false market (speculation and rumour)

Meridian will monitor conventional and social media for speculation and rumours to assist in its obligation to prevent the development or subsistence of a false market. Meridian will not generally comment on media speculation and rumours. However, should the Disclosure Officer determine that market commentary or speculation indicates that previously undisclosed confidential information is no longer confidential, the Disclosure Committee may authorise a statement to be released. Meridian may be required to provide this information even if an exception to disclosure applies.

Trading halts

In order to maintain a fully informed and transparent market in respect of Meridian's securities, Meridian may request a trading halt from the NZX and ASX where:

- confidential information about Meridian is leaked or inadvertently made public and further time is required to enable Meridian to prepare an appropriate public announcement;
- Meridian needs to confirm, deny or clarify material information that has been released by another party; or
- Meridian is preparing to make a major company announcement and is concerned to prevent uninformed, speculative or insider trading.

The only persons authorised to determine whether a trading halt is required are the Board, the CEO or the Disclosure Officer and the only person authorised to request a trading halt from the NZX and ASX is the Disclosure Officer or a designate.

GUIDELINES TO PREVENT SELECTIVE DISCLOSURE

- 1 All communications with market analysts and shareholders shall be conducted by the Chair, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer or the Investor Relations Manager. No other employee shall communicate with analysts or shareholders on material information unless specifically authorised by the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer or the Investor Relations Manager.
- 2 No member of the Meridian Group shall communicate to the media any material information that has not been the subject of an NZX / ASX release or is not generally available to the market.
- 3 No undisclosed material information will be disclosed in any meeting or conference call with the public, media, investors or analysts. Any inadvertent disclosure of material information during investor meetings or calls will be immediately released to the NZX and ASX.
- 4 One-on-one discussions with the public, media, investors or analysts shall serve only as opportunities to provide background to previously disclosed information. Earnings forecasts will only be discussed if previously issued by Meridian by way of a public announcement or via the lodgement of a prospectus.
- 5 The information made available to analysts and investors, such as presentations and briefing materials, will also be made available on the company's website.
- 6 To avoid inadvertent disclosure, comment by Meridian executives on analyst reports shall be restricted to information that is already in the public domain. No member of the Meridian Group will endorse, or be seen to endorse, analyst reports or the information they contain.
- 7 While the company will not generally comment on analyst forecasts, if Meridian becomes aware that in general the market's earnings projections materially differ from its own estimates, Meridian may consider it appropriate to issue a profit / warning statement. Such a statement may be necessary if Meridian has not issued its own profit forecast, or if its forecast is no longer considered accurate by the Board or Senior Management.
- 8 The General Counsel (or delegate) and Investor Relations Manager will review all proposed communications to the media/public that are or may be price sensitive. Such communications may include media releases, analyst, investor, or other presentations, public tender documents, fact books or other corporate publications.

SPECIFIC RESPONSIBILITIES

All members of the Meridian Group must comply with this Policy and the Disclosure Compliance Procedure.

The Board

The Board will consider at each Board meeting whether there is any information that may require disclosure in accordance with this Policy. Any Disclosure which includes disclosure of a profit projection or forecast must also be approved by Board. The Board may determine that a trading halt is required. A copy of each Disclosure will be provided to the Board once released to the stock exchanges.

Executive Management Team

The Executive Management Team will consider at each Executive Management Team meeting whether there is any information that may require disclosure in accordance with this Policy. Each member of the Executive Management Team is also responsible for identifying and reporting to the Disclosure Officer any matters that might need to be disclosed under this Policy. A copy of each Disclosure will be provided to the Executive Management Team members once released to the stock exchanges.

Disclosure Officer

The General Counsel has been appointed the Disclosure Officer. The Disclosure Officer is responsible for:

- considering any information reported to them under this Policy by the Board, the Executive Management Team, and any individual member of the Executive Management Team;
- determining whether information should be disclosed to the market, including whether or not any exception to disclosure applies;
- approving the form, content and release of administrative disclosures;
- determining whether a trading halt is required; and
- ensuring the timely release of information to NZX and ASX following its approval and advising the Board and Chief Executive of its release.

The Disclosure Officer is the primary liaison person for all communications with NZX and ASX.

Disclosure Committee

A Disclosure Committee has been established to manage the company's disclosure obligations. The Committee comprises the Chief Executive, Chief Financial Officer, and the General Counsel, and is responsible for:

- ensuring the Meridian Group complies with its disclosure obligations;
- approving the form, content and release of disclosures (other than administrative disclosures which are approved by the Disclosure Officer);
- monitoring all company disclosure practices and overseeing and coordinating the disclosure of information to the NZX and ASX, shareholders, analysts, stockbrokers, media and the public;
- educating directors and employees (including any secondees, contractor or consultant) of the Meridian Group on this Policy;
- promoting corporate practices aimed at ensuring an informed investor market; and
- making recommendations to the Board on updating this Policy.

APPENDIX 1

DISCLOSURE COMPLIANCE PROCEDURE

As Meridian is listed on the New Zealand Stock Exchange and also holds a foreign exempt listing on the Australia Securities Exchange, it is legally obliged to disclose information to both stock exchanges as the first step in it being released to the public.

The following procedures are for use where you become aware of non-public information which is or may affect Meridian's share price (material information).

Material information means any information that a reasonable person would expect, if it were generally available to the market, to have a material effect on the price of Meridian's securities. Material information includes information that is based on rumour or speculation that may give rise to a false market in the company's securities.

This document also sets out the procedures to be followed regarding periodic disclosures and notifications to NZX and ASX of certain administrative information/events.

STANDARD PROCEDURE (PROCEDURE FOR MERIDIAN (PARENT COMPANY))

Step 1 – Identify Material Information

It is the responsibility of Directors and every member of the Executive Management Team to identify and report on any matters that might need to be disclosed to the stock exchanges. Disclosure of material information will be a standard agenda item at every Board and Executive Management Team Meeting. These meetings are appropriate forums for discussing whether and at what stage commercial affairs may need to be made public.

At any time, if you believe that you hold information that may need to be disclosed, you should discuss this with your General Manager.

Step 2 – Report

If you do become aware of information which you consider may constitute material information and which may require disclosure to the stock exchanges, you should discuss it with your General Manager. If your General Manager considers that the information may be material information, they must record it on the attached form and discuss it with the Disclosure Officer.

If you are aware of material information that has been made public, but which has not yet been notified to the stock exchanges, you should treat the matter as an absolute priority in arranging for its disclosure in accordance with this Policy. Failure to do so may breach the stock exchange listing rules and Meridian may face serious repercussions.

If the Board or the Executive Management Team considers, as an outcome of the standing agenda item at their respective meetings, that information should be disclosed, the Chairperson or Chief Executive (as applicable) must record this on the attached form and submit it to the Disclosure Officer.

Step 3 – Disclosure Decision

The Disclosure Officer must consider any information brought to their attention and determine (a) whether it constitutes material information and (b) whether any of the exceptions to disclosure apply.

Where it is decided that the issue constitutes material information, the Corporate Communications Manager (or their delegate) will draft the form and content of the disclosure ("Disclosure"), and the Disclosure Committee

shall approve the form and content of Disclosure, and the release of the Disclosure to the market, subject to the requirement that any Disclosure which includes disclosure of a profit projection or forecast must also be approved by the Board.

The Disclosure Officer shall then arrange for the release of the Disclosure to the stock exchanges. A copy of the Disclosure will be circulated to the Board, Executive Management Team and other relevant personnel. Release of the disclosed information to the media and other external parties can only occur once acknowledgement has been received from the stock exchanges by the Disclosure Officer (or their delegate).

In discussions with media, you should not inadvertently divulge any material information that has not first been disclosed to the stock exchanges.

The disclosure form should be completed regardless of whether the information is ultimately disclosed or not as it provides a record of the process followed and the reasons for the final decision.

STANDARD PROCEDURE (PROCEDURE FOR SUBSIDIARIES)

Step 1 – Identify Material Information

It is the responsibility of Directors of each Subsidiary and every member of the Subsidiary's Management Team to identify and report on any matters that might need to be disclosed to the stock exchanges. Disclosure of material information will be a standard agenda item at every Board and Management Meeting. These meetings are appropriate forums for discussing whether and at what stage commercial affairs may need to be made public.

At any time, if you believe that you hold information that may need to be disclosed, you should discuss this with the Subsidiary Chief Executive or General Counsel (or equivalent).

Step 2 – Report

If you do become aware of information which you consider may constitute material information and which may require disclosure to the stock exchanges, you should discuss it with the Subsidiary Chief Executive or General Counsel (or equivalent). If the Subsidiary Chief Executive or General Counsel considers that the information may be material information, he or she must record it on the attached form and discuss it with their Board of Directors. If the Board considers that the information may be material, they must report the issue to the Meridian Disclosure Officer.

If you are aware of material information that has been made public, but which has not yet been notified to the stock exchanges, you should treat the matter as an absolute priority in arranging for its disclosure in accordance with this Policy. Failure to do so may breach the stock exchange listing rules and Meridian may face serious repercussions.

If the Subsidiary Board or the Management Team considers, as an outcome of the standing agenda item at their respective meetings, that information should be disclosed, the Chairperson or Chief Executive (as applicable) must record this on the attached form and submit to the Disclosure Officer.

The disclosure form should be completed regardless of whether the information is ultimately disclosed or not as it provides a record of the process followed and the reasons for the final decision.

Step 3 – Disclosure Decision

Refer to Step 3 of the “Procedure for Meridian (parent company)”

PROCEDURE FOR PERIODIC AND ADMINISTRATIVE DISCLOSURES

The Chief Financial Officer (or their delegate) or the Company Secretary responsible for the preparation of the information (as applicable) shall draft the form and content of the disclosure (“Disclosure”). Periodic Disclosures should be provided to the Disclosure Committee for review along with the attached form. Administrative Disclosures should be provided to the Disclosure Officer for review along with the attached form.

The Disclosure Committee / Disclosure Officer shall then approve the form, content and release of the Disclosure, subject to the requirement that any Disclosure which includes disclosure of a profit projection or forecast must also be approved by the Board.

The Disclosure Officer will then arrange for the appropriate release to the stock exchanges. A copy of the Disclosure will be circulated to the Board, Executive Management Team and other relevant personnel. Release of the information to the media and other external parties can only occur once acknowledgement has been received from the stock exchanges by the Disclosure Officer (or their delegate).

EXAMPLES OF MATERIAL INFORMATION

Information which may need disclosure includes:

- announcements regarding financial performance;
- the material terms of an employment, service or consultancy agreement entered into with a Director or Chief Executive Officer (or an immediate family member, or an entity controlled by any of those persons), or a material variation to such agreement;
- the material terms of an employment, service or consultancy agreement entered into with a Director or Chief Executive Officer (or an immediate family member, or an entity controlled by any of those persons), or a material variation to such agreement;
- mergers, acquisitions / divestments, joint ventures or material changes in assets;
- significant developments with regard to new products, projects or ventures;
- changes to, or issues of, Meridian shares or debt securities;
- major new contracts;

- material information affecting joint venture partners or non-wholly owned subsidiaries;
- correction of significant analyst or media reports based on incorrect or out of date information, or material information necessary to prevent the development or subsistence of a false market;
- industry issues that have, or which may have, a material impact on Meridian;
- decisions on significant issues affecting Meridian by regulatory bodies;
- confidential information about Meridian Group which has been inadvertently disclosed or leaked;
- material legal proceedings; and
- an event that may result in significant reputational harm to Meridian.

EXAMPLES OF PERIODIC DISCLOSURES

- Annual and half-yearly results announcements and reports
- Monthly operating reports

EXAMPLES OF ADMINISTRATIVE DISCLOSURES

- changes to Directors’ and Senior Managers’ relevant interests (including MyShare purchases and purchases made under the LTI scheme);
- any disclosure made in accordance with NZX Listing Rule 10.6, including:
 - changes in the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Executive Management Team or auditor;
 - changes in registered office address, phone number, or share registry;
 - changes to Meridian’s half-yearly reporting period or balance date;
 - changes to Meridian’s credit rating; and
- any other non-material administrative notices such as the setting of dates for meetings.

CONFIDENTIAL STOCK EXCHANGE DISCLOSURE RECORD

Send completed form to the Disclosure Officer

For Completion by Director / Manager

Information for Consideration:

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Stage of proposal / discussion: Preliminary Middle Advanced
(if applicable): Completed

Who knows about the proposal / discussion: Internal External

Likelihood of proceeding to completion (if applicable): 0-50% 51-100%

Comment:

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Who will it affect: Shareholders Competitors Government
 Customers Meridian Staff / Management
 Others:

Submitted by: Date:

Reviewed by Disclosure Officer: Disclose Not Disclose

Form and content approved and approved for release:

Chief Executive: Chief Financial Officer:

General Counsel: Chairman:

OR

Not for release because:

.....

Signed: (Disclosure Officer)

APPENDIX 2

TRADING HALT PROCEDURE

The following procedure is to be followed where Meridian applies for a trading halt from the NZX and ASX.

Step 1 – Determine trading halt is required

The Board or the Disclosure Officer will determine whether a trading halt is required, with regards to the relevant Listing Rules. Where possible, the Disclosure Officer will engage with NZX and ASX in advance of a request for a trading halt.

Step 2 – Request trading halt

The Disclosure Officer will request a trading halt from NZX and ASX using the Template for DLE Trading Halt Request available at <https://map.nzx.com/static/forms/>.

The request will provide the following information:

- Meridian's reasons for requesting a trading halt;
- how long Meridian wants the trading halt to last (noting that halts can generally be granted for a maximum of 2 business days);
- the event Meridian expects to occur that will end the trading halt;
- confirmation that Meridian is not aware of any reason why the trading halt should not be granted; and
- any other relevant information or information that NZX or ASX asks for.

The Disclosure Officer will note in the request if the reasons for a trading halt request are confidential or commercially sensitive and should not be released to the market.

The Disclosure Officer will draft the form and content of any disclosure that is to accompany the trading halt and provide this to NZX and ASX along with the request.

Step 3 – Lifting a trading halt

The Disclosure Officer will engage with NZX and ASX around the timing of a trading halt being lifted. The Disclosure Officer will draft the form and content of any disclosure that relates to the lifting of a trading halt. This disclosure should be approved by the Disclosure Committee or the Board.