

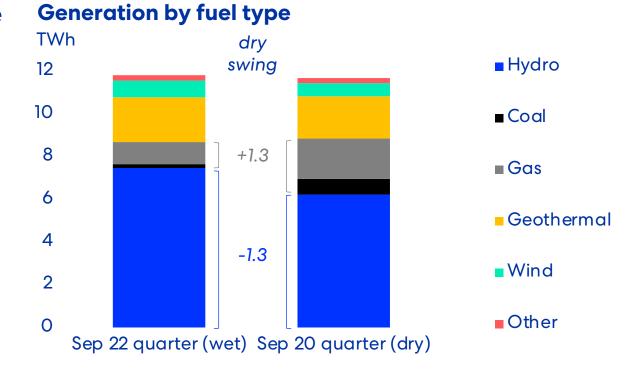
Today

- Transition in the New Zealand electricity system
- New Zealand Government's climate change work programme
- The future electrification opportunity and the challenges
- Meridian Energy



Transition in the New Zealand electricity system

- Decarbonisation of the economy will require significant electrification
- Moving to a near fully renewable electricity system will require dry year risk solutions
- Demand side participation is growing, and hydrogen offers an interesting opportunity





Southern Green Hydrogen

- Large-scale green hydrogen in the lower South Island
- Moved into a development stage with Woodside Energy and Mitsui
- Meridian has a 40% holding option for itself and iwi
- Targeting to produce 500,000 tonnes of green ammonia per year
- Facility could potentially provide up to 40% of New Zealand's dry year flexibility needs
- Options being assessed for domestic hydrogen and green ammonia supply and export to Asia and Europe
- Final investment decision expected in 2025



Climate Change Response (Zero Carbon) Amendment Act

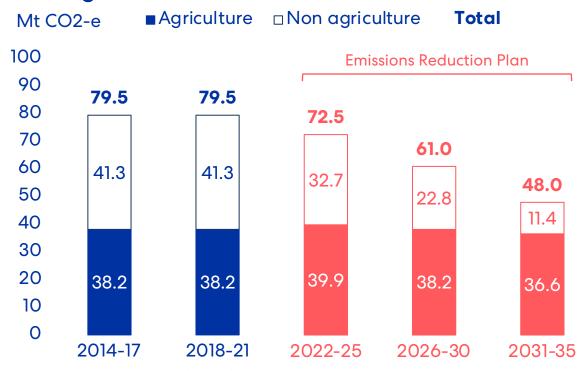
- Established a new, independent Climate Change Commission
- Sets a new domestic greenhouse gas emissions reduction target
- Establishes a system of emissions budgets
- Requires the Government to develop and implement policies for climate change adaptation and mitigation



Emissions Reduction Plan

- Requires additional emissions reductions in 2022-2025
- Targets transport and energy emissions
- Is supported by \$2.9B of funding from the Government's Climate Emergency Fund
- With \$1.2B earmarked for transport, \$0.7B in funding for industrial decarbonisation

Average annual emissions

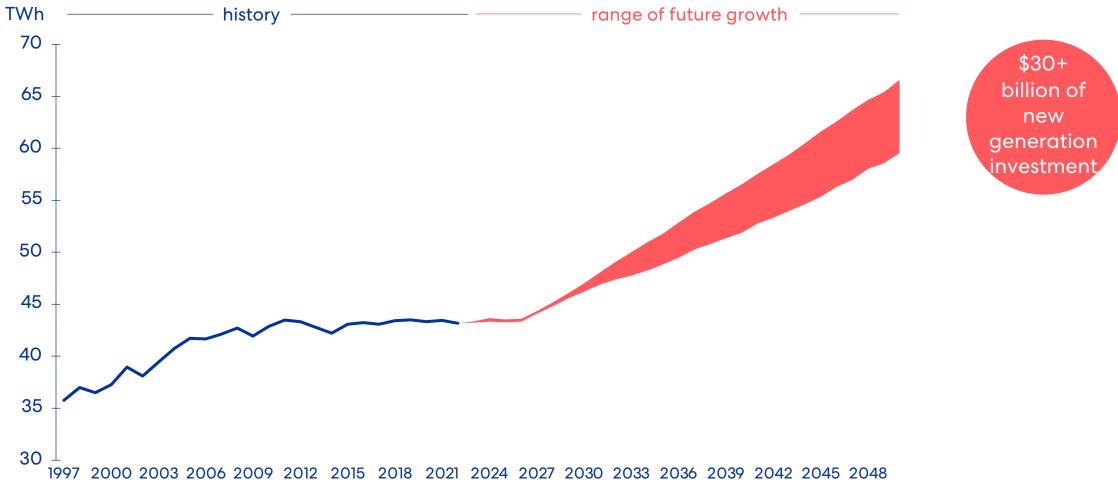


Source: Stats NZ, Aotearoa New Zealand's First Emissions Reduction Plan



The electrification opportunity

Annual demand for generation



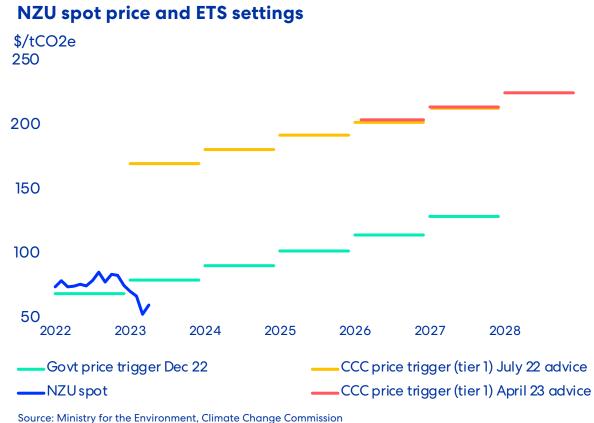
Financial Year ended 30 June

Source: Meridian



The challenges

- Government price settings on the ETS materially lag the Climate Change Commission's recommendations
- Resource management legislative reforms risk unintended consequences
- Driving too early towards a 100% renewable electricity grid and related interventions on dry year risk could distort investment signals
- Smelter exit could further supress demand

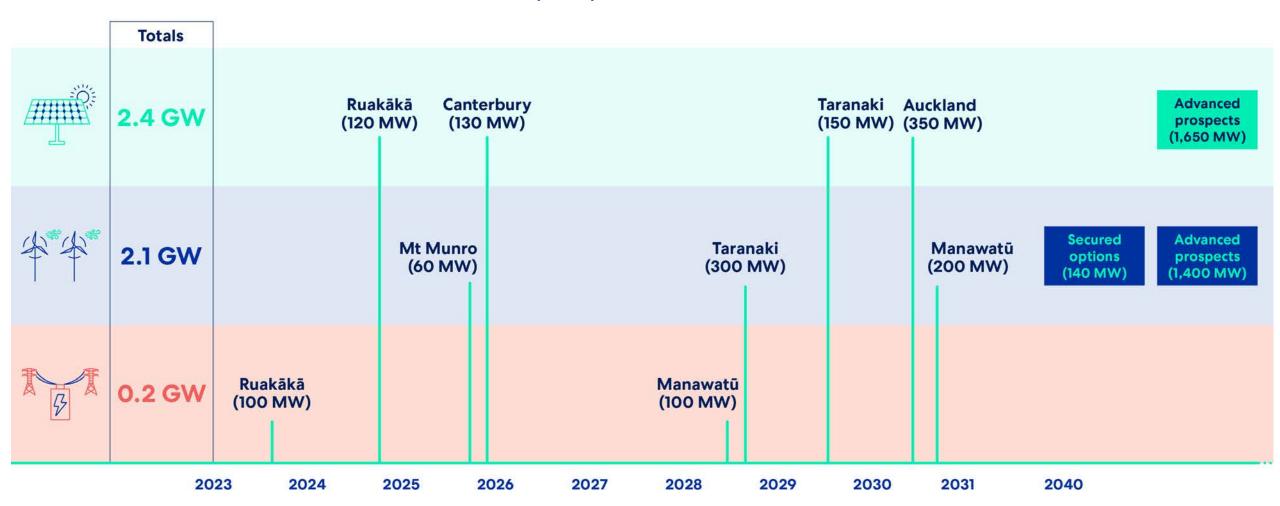






Building Meridian's development pipeline

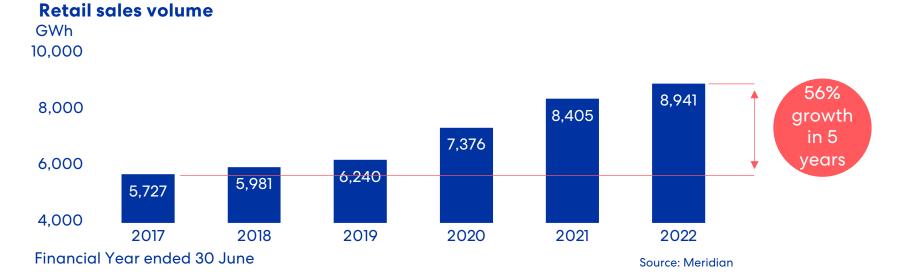
- Deep pipeline of 4.7 GW (11.1 TWh) of development options
- 1.5 GW secured, 3.2 GW in advanced prospects





Evolving Meridian's customer approach

From growth



To energy solutions

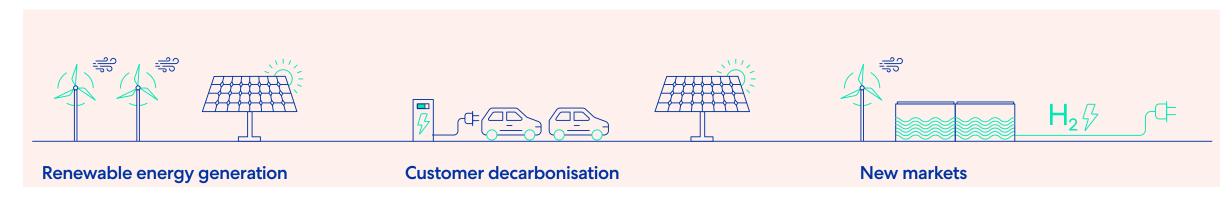




Why Meridian?

High quality investment







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The information contained in this presentation should be considered in conjunction with the company's condensed financial statements for the six months ended 31 December 2022, available at:

www.meridianenergy.co.nz/investors

All currency amounts are in New Zealand dollars unless stated otherwise.

